

## OWNER'S MANUAL

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LFO
LFO
LFO

## FEATURES

## The MC-202 is a 2 channel microcomposer incorporating a monophonic synthesizer.

## Nicrocomposer section

You can spontaneously enter music data just by typing the NUMBER keys or STEP keys, or by playing the keyboard along with the metronome.

Attributes such as Accent and Portamento may be entered as a part of the music data.

By setting up another monophonic synthesizer (IV/Oct), you can play 2 voice music.

The buit-in Tape Interface enzbles you to save the entered music data into an ordinary cassette tape.

The MC-202 offers a total memory capacity of 2600 steps lapprox. 150 measures with 8 steps in each measure). Also, the display window tellis you how many more steps you may enter.

The Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) indicates the current information (data) or tempo, etc.

A beep will be heard if the operation has been correctly done.

## Synthesizer rection

This is a high quality synthesizer with 1V/Oct system.

This keyboard covers up 109 octaves by changing the VCO range, SUB OSC and TRANSPOSE.

Provided with an excellent VCF with sharp cutoff slope of 24 dB .

## Jecks and others

3 DIN sockets ( $1 \mathrm{~N} \times 1$, OUT $\times 2$ ) are provided on the MC-202 for synchronizing with an external sequencer or rhythm machine that also includes the same DIN jack.

The MC-202 is also provided with a CV and a GATE jacks IIN $\times 1$, OUT $x$ 2) to control the external keyboard (1V/Oct), or to enter the data by an external keyboard.

By using the Tape Sync function, you can record the Synchro signal onto a tape, and later dub a new part by synchronizing the MC-202 with that signal.

The MC-202 is AC and Battery Powered IAC adaptors BOSS PSA-120. 220 or 240 are optional). and the Display Window tells you if the batteries are low.


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Sound Range Diagram

Sound Range Diagram

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In Case of Trouble

In Case of Trouble

In Case of Trouble

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## IMPORTANT NOTES

## Power Suppty

The MC-202 adopts AC and Batterv Powered system.

Use only the BOSS PSA series IPSA. 120.220 or 240 ) for $A C$ operation.

Do not turn the POWER swith on before connecting the AC Adaptor to the MC-202.

## Location

Operating the MC-202 near a neon or fluorescent tamp may ouse noise interference. If so, change the angle of the MC-202

Awoids using the MC-202 in excessive heat or humidity or where it may be affected by sindight or dust.

## Cleaning

Use a sofl cloth and clean oniy mith a neutral dertergent. Do not use solvents such as paint thinner.

## LCD

View the Display from the crocer angie.

Please be careful not to darrage the window.

## Cautions

The MC-202's Memory is valatile (i.e. the dirta is not retained of the MC.202 is switched offi. Therefore, to avoud accidental erasure of the data, you may bet requifed to swet the data (refer to P.45) before turring the LbC.202 off.

Specially when the MC. 202 is operated by batiery power, take a good notice of the battery consumption if the Battery indicator on the right sede in the Display Window fiastes showing that the batteries ate getting low, immechately replace them with a new set. Otherwise, the MC. 202 stops operating correctly in about I hour.

Be sure to save the darta on tape before exchanging the batteries.

Even while using the AC Admotor, be sure to keep the battery securely connected, so that even if the $A C$ adaptor cord comes out duting peformance, the MC-202 will continue to operate. III, however, the Aducror get biscionnected from the AC outiet, the data will be erased.)

Noumally, battery replacernent is required in about 8 hours fivaries depending on how the device is being used, and what kind of batteries are used).


## How to replace the batteries

## Use 6 of 1.5 V colls.

(1) Turn the MC-202 off, If using the AC Adaptor, disconnect the cord from the MC. 202

POWER

(2) Remove the lid of the Battery housing

(3) Take the batteries out of the Battery Housing and replece a new set.

(4) Replace the lid of the Battery Housing.

## Others

- If the MC-202 is not to be used for a long period of time, remove the batteries to prevent problems caused by battery leakage.
- When running the MC-202 by battery power, be sure to turn the power off afterwards.


## I Introduction

The MC. 202 is a 2 ctiannel mucrucomacs: es incorprorated with a monophonic synThesizer. Therefore, by settimg another monaphonar: synthesicer i $\mathrm{SH} \cdot \mathrm{O} \cdot \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{SH} 2$. SH101, SYSTEM 100 M . ETC. 1. you can enjoy Synthesizet Duet.

There are three methols of gntering musir date into the MC 202;

## 1. Typing the STEP, GATE and NUMBER keve (No need to play the keyboard)

## 2 Playing the keyboard

## 3. Pisying the keybourd for Pitch emtry and tapping the TAP key for Rhythm entry

In the MC-202, we corisider that a note includes the following three elements finformation).

A note of a certain Step Time lasts Forger int legato and shorter in staccato. So the Gise Time io to te set spart from the Step Time.
Riefer to the figures shawn thefow,
The MC-202 can be sel to elther Play or Edit mode The Play mode turns the built-in synthesizer (orland the external synthesiserl to 口lawing in its Edit mothe. vou can enter the data into the CH - 1 arus CH 2 separately. If everyithing is cleor so far, Diease start entering the didta.
(1) Pitch lenterad by filaying the keyboard)
(2) Timing Valuewstep Time tenteres with the correspending tigures)
(\$) Actual Sounded Value=Gate Time (en tered with the corressionding figurest


2 Panel Descriptions and Connections

A. Panel Descriptions




## Heedphones jeck

Even it the headphones are being used. the signal is still sent from the OUTPUT. Also, please be sure to use stereo headphones (imp. $8 \Omega \sim 30 \Omega$ ).
The beep that is heard during operation will not be output from this jack. jack.

## DC Inpur socket

If using the $A C$ adaptor, plug it into this sorket.

Use the BOSS PSA. 120, 220 or 240 depending on the voltage system in your country. (Using any other adaptor riay cause trouble.?

## [3] Entering(Basic)

## A. Setting the synthesizer

If you enter each note listening to its sound from the synthesizer, it is easier to detect mistakes.
You can set the synthesizet to work as follows.

(1) You may enter Pitch data into the $\mathrm{CH}-1$.

(2) The synthesizer may now be played.

You may change the serting to your taste.


## B. Entering the data with the STEP, GATE and NUMBER keys

First of all, enter the Pitch. If a rest comes up. enter the same pitch as the one just before.

## 1 Entering the Pitch


stunt


The START indicator lights up
(1) You can enter the Pitch data.

- Play the keys according to the score.
- You will hear the sarne tone playect on the keyboard, and the display window will also show it (e. g. Middle C:3C. a: upper right lights up).
(2) You can play the music data.
(3) The music data will start playing.
- This data will automatically stop after played once. Also, the note instead of a rest is played.
- The tempo can be adjusted with the TEMPO knob.
(4) You can stop playing in the middle, if you like.
After checking the pitch data is all correctify entered, edit the Step Time.


## 2 Editing the Stap Time and the Gate Time

When the pitches are entered, all the notes will be automatically set to STEP TIME 24 ( ) 1 and GATE TIME=12. Editing the Step Time and Gate Time will complete the data entry.


The Step Time display of the 1st step
(1) You may edit the Pitch.
2. You may edit the Step Time.

- The Step Time of the first step in the first measure will be indicated in the Display Window.

These are two ways of editing the Step Time and the Gate Time as shown below.

How to edit the Step Time and Gate Time


While editing the Step Time by using the STEP keys, you can also edit the Gate Time by using the GATE keys. If, how ever, using the NUMBER kevs, you can
edit only the Step Time, so you need to edit the Gate Time later.
The functions of the STEP keys and the GATE kers are as shown below.

- Keys and Step Tima

| $0=122$ | $d=6$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $d=34$ | $\frac{d}{2}=32$ |
| $d=4 t$ | $\frac{d}{2}=16$ |
| $d=12$ | $\frac{d}{2}=1$ |

- Gata Keyt and Giete Time



## 3 Editing with the STEP keys and GATE keps

Please edit from the first step in the first measure, You, however, do not need to change the $\&$ notes, as $d=24$ is auto-
matically selected fdefault value) when the MC-202 is turned on.

If editing is neceseary.

(1) Set the Step Time
(Divpley when STEP hey $d$ in prosedi)


Uniess the ENTER key is pressed, the editing is not completed. Therefore, you may set any Step Time and Gate Time as many times as you like before pressing the ENTER key.
If the Gate Time of the notes are all different, you will need to set the Gate Time one by one, but if the note has the same Gate Time as the one before, you just need to press the ENTER key, so that the same Gate Time will be autornaticatly selected.


## Entering the dotted notes and dotted rests

To enter dotted notes and rests, press the BAR key instead of the ENTER key. e. g. press : key, then the BAR key instead of the ENTER key for 2, and the Step Time will be 36.

## Entering the rest

In entering a rest, enter the note which has the same length as the rest, then press the O REST key.
Refer to the figure below.


## If editing is not necestery,


(1) Pressing the STEP FWD key will advance the step counter one step and the Display Window shows the Step Time of the next step.

If you have completed entering the Step

## 4 Playing


(1) The MC-202 is ready to play the tata,
(2) The data will now be played.


If you wish to play the same data repeatedly, set the MC. 202 to the Crcle mode. The SHIFT key is used to give two functions to one key, i. e. by pressing a kev while holding the SHIFT kiry down, that key will have the function written above it.

## How to repeat the dota.


3. If you start the MC. 202 in this condition, the data will be played repeatediy until the STOP key is pressed. It you wish to leave the Cysle mode, press the STOP key, then press the CYCLE key while hoiding the SHIFT key down.

## 5 Editing the Stap Time with the NUMBER keys

You can use the NUMBER keys instead of the STEP keys. For instance, if you wish to enter Step Time 48, first press 4. then 8 . If you press a wrong key, press the 0 key three times, then again enter the correct number. Each time you press a NUMBER key, a beep will be heard. Again, undess you press the ENTER kev. the Step Time is not edited. So make sure that the number displaved is correct, then press the ENTER key, and the next step is displayed ready to be edited. If editing

6 How to return to the first step in the first measure in the Edit mode


Holding down

## 7 Editing the Gate Time with the NUMBER keys

Each time you press the EDIT key, the Edit mode changes as follows.
When the MC-202 is in the Gate Time editing mode, you may edit the Gate Time in the exactly same method as the Step Time editing
Changing the Gate Time to zero will make a rest, and changing it into the same value as the Step Time will make a tie.
is not necessary. go ahead to the next step by pressing the STEP FWD key. When using the STEP keys, you will need to select the Gate Time as well. With the NUMEEA keys. However, please just edit the Step Time one after another. After completing this procedure, go back to the first step in the first measure, then edit the Gate Time.
The following shows how to edit the Gate Time.

Release the ENTER key, then the SHIFT key. Be sure not to release the SHIFT key before releasing the ENTER key.


## Example (1)



Now vou have completed entering the Pitch data. Next, plesse check as follows.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PLAY -START } \begin{array}{l}
\text { All the notes are to be played in the same } \\
\text { timing, }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

Edit the Step Time and the Gate Time.


Note
Now you have completed entering the Step Time and the Gate Time. Turn to the PLAY mode, then press the START key, and the music data you have pust entered will be played.

Now that vou have completed entering the music data, but you will still have to enter the bars. In other words, the score of the Exarnple (1) is entered as shown below. Whether the bars are entered or not, the music data is played exactly the same. In later oditing. however, the bars
are useful to plity the data from middele or forwarditig or backing the whole measures. Also, the Display Window shows which measute is curtently ployed.
The following shows how to enter the bars.


## 8 How to onter the Bar

There are two methods of entering bars.
(1) Entering bers while entering the Pitch drete
(2) Entering bert after ontering the Pitch dete
(1) Entering bars while entering the Pitch deta
Enter the bar right after the last noto of a measure by pressing the BAR key, then continue to enter the firss note of the next measure.

## (2) Entering bers aftef entering the Pitch deta

After completing the procedures up to 4 on page P12, press the STEP FWD key to actrance the step one by one. If you hear the last note in a measure, press the BAR key and a tar is entered with a beep sound. Then again press the STEP

The method I: may be more difficult as you are required to do two things at the sarne time.

FWD key unvil you hear the last note in the nex! measure, and type the BAR kev just like the first measure. You do not need to enter a bar at the end of the music data.

## C. Entering the data by playing the keyboard

There is another melhod of entering data. which is playing the keyboard to the metronome.
As the data is entered exactly as you are playing the keyboard, vou will have to play accurately.
Also, using an external synthesizer (IV/

Oct) will make this job more comfortable.
The metronome will sound as shown in the figure. The first two measures are just for getting used to the tempo, so start after you have heard twa measures of the metronome.


## 1 Connection



[^0]
## 2 Operation



En (PTCH)

rrs $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathrm{Ft}$


## cowr

STu
(1) You may enter the Pitch data.
(2. You mav play the kevboard (vou can synthesize the sound here).
(3) You may enter the Pitch data.
(4) You may enter the data by playing the keyboard.
You may enter the data in 4/4 time.
(3) The metronome sound will be heard.
(6) Wait until you hear two measures of the metronome sound, then start playing the kevboard.
(7) Press the STOP key when you have played all the data.

If you wish to edit the music data you have entered, please start right from the beginning.

Entering music using other then $4 / 4$ time It is possible to change the time of the methonome, therefore, you may enter the music piece using triplet or irregular time. When you are in the procedure (4). set the time you like with the NUMBER keys. Then press the START key, and the metronome will sound in that set time.


Set the time you like by prosting the corriesponding key

## D. Entering the Pitch data by playing the keyboard and Rhythm data by tapping

After entering all the Pitch data by playing the keyboard, enter the Rhythm data (Siep Time and Gate Time) by tapping the TAP key to the metronome. The metraname will sound as shown in the
figure. Please see when to tap the TAP kev.
In entering the Rhythm data, again start after two measure of metronome sound.


## Hown


(1) You can enter the Pitch data.

(2) You can play the keyboard (you can aiso synthesize the sound).

C. Enter all the Pitch data by claying the keytoard. (You to not havet to enfer a res.)
5. You may enter the Rhyttim by tapping the TAP ker in $4 / 4$ ture.

C You will hear the metronome sound,

Tistart tacping altet two measures of the metionome. Please try to tab in the right thythor

1 Fress the STOP kev after the tast note is tapped.

You may asfiust the tempo by rotating the TEMPO knob.
Each time vou press the TAP key, you will hear the sound ithe Pirch entered). and the Steo Tima and Gate Tirme will be entered in the sarme thythrm as vou tap. If you wish to edit the data. do it right from the beginnung

## Enturing the Muric Drte tring other then

 $4 / 4$ timeJust like "C. Entering the data by playing the keybourd P. $20^{\circ}$, you can change the time of the metronome.
In the procedure 5 , set the time you like with the NUMEER kevs as shown below. Then press the START key, and the metronorne will sound in the set tire.


Set the time vow like by prowing the corresponding tey

## (4) Entering data(Advance)

## A. Entering data into the $\mathbf{C H}-2$ and playing it

"Entering caaka (Basic)" only refers to entering data into the CH-1, If, however, you use both $\mathrm{CH}-1$ and $\mathrm{CH}-2$, a synthesizer duo is easily available. In this case, an external synthesizer ( $1 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{Oct}$ ) will be required. On connecting it to the MC-202, please tune it
with the MC.202's synthesizer. Also, if entering a different music data into the CH-2, you can alternately play the two different music data, In this case, the external synthesizer is not necessary.

## 1 Connections



## 2 Tuning

(1) Check it all the connections have been correctly made.

Enter the data for tuning into the MC-202.


## I Enter the dota as foflows




Dinoleving the CH2.
(4) You can edit the $\mathrm{CH}-2$.
S. Enter the same data as you entered in the procediure it.
6) To produce long tone, set the synthe sizer's controls as shown in the figure below.


## (x) Turn the Cvate function on

## stant

+     +         + 


## Now you have complated tuning

The mursic data for tuning is here set to $3 A$ ( 440 Hz ), but any other note will do. Also if tuning by using a tuning fork or a tuner, tune each syntheiter seperately.


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(: Le bizness de ressources est un sport de ptizizis :)

## 3 Checking the Channel. Entering data and Playing

The Display Wintiow will change as shown in the figure as vou selfel the channet for entering
You can change the channel at any time except when the MC. 202 is playing the data.
If entering the data by playing the key. boord IP. 201 or tapping the TAP kay ( $P$. 221. it is possible to listen to the music data entered in the other channel simul-
rareousty
You to not need to suiest the crannet tor piaying but you con seiect the sunthesirer the UC-202 is of external sunth) to play foch diatia by changing the channet.
-It the bars of the CH 1 or CH 2 are not correttly entered, the Displity Window with fail to thow the correct mezure number

How to chanad it changing


How the symithecizer to play wech dina changus.


## B. Entering Accent and Portamento

It is atso possible to enter Accent and Portamento etc.

## 1 Entering Accent and Portamento

## Accent (ACC)

As shown in the figure, you may give an Accent to any note you like.

## Portamento (PORTA)

As shown in the figure, enter the Portamento to the last note of the two notes to which you wish to give a Portamento effect. The Portamento will also effect the external synthesizer, but the Accent is available only on the built-in synthesizer.


## 2 How to enter Accent and Portamento

There are two main methods of entering Accent and Portamento.
(1) Entering while you are editing the Step Time.
(3) Entering after you have finished all of the entering procedure.

## Method (1)

Set the Step Time, then press the Accent (or Portamento key) before pressing the ENTER key.

## Mathod 2

After vou have completed all the entering procedure. do as follows.

(1) Set the MC-202 so that vou can enter the Accent and Portamento (*Step Time editing mode).
(2) Go back to the firs: step in the firs: measure.

(3) By pressing the STEP FWD key, get to the step to which you wish to gre the Accent or Portamento effect.


5. Repeat 3 and 4 procedures

When you have completed the music entry. furn the MC-202 to the Play mode. Then see how each effect works by rotating its knob.
-If you have entered the Portamento effect to the both channels, you cannot set ditferent Portamento times. When you make


## 3 Assigning the Accent effect

The notes with Accent usually control the VCA but it is possible to control both the VCF and VCA.
-Refer to the separate volume "MC-202's
Synthesizer",

(1) The MC. 202 is in the Play mode.

(2) The Display Window displays that the Accent works on both the VCF and VA

I Now the Accent works only on the VGA
(The accent works only on the VCA).

## C. Useful Functions(in Entering)

## 1 Mowing the data onward and backward.

In the edit mode, each time you press the STEP FWD key, the data will move one step forward, and by pressing the STEP BACK key. the data will move one step backward.
In the edit mode. if pressing the STEP BACK key while holding the STEP FWD key white holding the STEP BACK key. you can quickly move the data backward.

During moving back the data, two beep sounds will be heard where a bar is entered. This function is useful to know the posttigons of the bars.)

## 2 Transpose function

You can transpose the entire keyboard one octave up or down. If using this Transpose function while entering the Pitch data, you can move the music data up to 4 octave and half. (refer to P. 59)
While entering the Fitch data by playing the keyboard, if your pitch data exceeds the sound range of the MC-202 keyboard. press the UP key and if it does not reach the range, press the DOWN key. The note one octave higher or lower will sound and te entered.
Pressing the NORM key will return the keyboard to the normal condition. This function is available even in the Play mode (except when the data is being played).

## D. How to correct the data you have entered

If the pitch is wrong
If the timing value is wrong
If there are too many for too (kat) notes entered


Correcting the Pitch data (P, 31)


Correcting the Step Time and Gate Time 1P. 31)


Deleting and inserting notes (P. 33)

## 1 Correcting the Pitch

(1) You may correct (change) the pitch data.

(2) Go vack to the first step in the first measute
(1) By pressing the STEP FWD kev, get to the sted pust tetore tre one you wish to correct.
(4) By playing the keyboard, enter the cor. rect pitch
The plaved note will sound and tee te placed with the wrong (old) one.

While forwarding the data by pressing the STEP FWO key, a test wil not sound Also, a tie will sound as one note.

## 2 Correcting the Step Time and the Gate Time

There are two ways of correcting the Step Time and the Gate Time (P. 13).
Basically the procedure is exactly the same as that of P .14.

## Using the STEP keys and the GATE koys

(1) You may change the Srep Time data.


NUABER LTV
12 Return to the first steg in the first tneasure.


## Bintel

## Editing with the NUNBER $k$ ky

## Inrt

ESTEP or GATE)


NLTMBER kHy
1

Entith


3 By pressing the STEP FWD key, forward the Step Time (or Gate Time) to fust before the one you wish to correct.
C. Set a new Step Time for Gate Time) with the NUMEER keys.

15 Now the new Step Time (or Gate Time) is entered.

## 3 Deleting and Inserting notes

It is possible to delete or insert notes.

How to delitie the ngtes


By repeating the procedure 5. you can delete as many notes. If the tars are entered, deleting the last note of the measure will delete the bar at the same time.
(1) Sef to the Pitch Edit Trode.
2. Return to the firss sted in the firs? measure.
3) By pressing the STEP FWD kev. get to the note just before the one vou wish to detete.
(4) You may delete the note.

5: The note to be deleted will sound and be deleted.


Aeturned to the normal condicion

I Set to the Pititi Edit mode.
(2) Fieturn to the first sted in the first meas ure
(S) By pressing the STEP FWD key, get to the nute that is to befollowed by the inserted note.
If you wish to insert a nore between the second step and third step, pet to the second note.
4) You can insert a nothe

1. Enter a note to be inserted by playing the keybosid.

CThe nate played on the kevboard will the entered.

At this stape. vou can entet as many notes as you tike, and aiso the tark Be sure to press the ENTER key in the very end, Thu Step Timeen 24 and Gate Time= 12 are automatically solected (Default) when the Pitch dota is enterend.

It is not possible to inser: a note feiwen the last note at the measure and the bas,

- Playing or editing from the measure you select
- Forwarding or backing the whole measure
- Copying the cata


## A. How to set the bars, otc.

## 1 Messurt number display

Pressing the SHIFT key will dispiay which measure you are entering (Except for the data playing mode).

Is the Piry mode
While the data is being played, the current measure will be displayed. Even when stopped, the measure number will be displaved.

## 2 How to forward or back the whote measure

Pressing the MEAS FWD key will forward one measure and MEAS BACK key will back up one meapurs. While the MEAS FWO key or BACK key is being presed, the display window shows the measure number.
On releasing the key, the Display Window shows the first step in that measure.

## 3 How to recall a mesture

You can recall any measure by doing as follows.

- Deleting the whole mearute
- Others
- Refer to P. 19 for entering the bars.


## In the Edit mode

If entering the data by playing the kevboard of tapping the TAP key, you wift see the Display Window change with the beep, If you enter the data with the kevs, the measure number is nat atsplayed at all.

## B. Playing and Editing from the measure you select

## 1 Playing from the measure you select

Sefect a measure in the Play mode, then press the $\frac{C O N T}{[S T Q P}$ key, and the chata wid be played from that messure.

## 2 Editing from the measure you select

## Editing with the STEP kevt and GATE keys

It you select a measure in the Edit mode. vou can edir the data from the first step in that measure, (The Display Window shows the first step in that measure.)

Editing by playing the keyboerd of tapping *With the STEP keys and GATE kevs, you can edit even only one nole, but by play ling the kevtoard or tapping, you are required to efit the whole data (from the selected measure to the very end).
ent (PAYCH)


NUMBEA key

## ewren

## syer



STAMT

Conr 590
(1) Set to the Fitch Edit mode.
(2) Select the measure.
(i) You can change the data by playing the keyboard or tapping the TAP key.

4 Start editing the data.
(5. Stop editing

The measure number shown in the Display is counted from the selected measure.
If you are editing by playing the keyboard, all the data from the selected measure to the very end will be erased tie. you are to enter new data of that amount later).

3 How to delete the whole measure

## EDI (PITCH)



## ETER

1. Set to the Pitch Edit mode.
(2) Recall the measure to be deleted by using the NUMAER kevs or the FWD key.
(3) Delete that measure.

I The measure vou selected in the procedure (2) will be deleted.

By repeating the Procedure 4. you can delete as many measures as you like.

## 4 Editing the bars

If you wish to add, delete or move the bars, do as follows.

## Adding ban

Reterriny to "How to enter the Bars P.19". you can enter additional bars.

## Daleting butt

$\square$ (PTOCA)
(1) Set to the Pitch Edit mode.

(2) Rotion to the beginning of the first measure, if necessary.



The note just before the bur.
(9) By pressing the MEAS FWD key, get to the note second last from the bar to be deleted.
The Display Window shows the note just before the tar.

(4) Now you can delete.
(4) The bar and the note just before it will be deleted.

Please nute that the note before the bar is deleted, so that you need to enter a note for replacement referring to "How to insert notes P. 34".

Noring the bar
By adding and deleting a bar, you can easiIy move the bar position.

## C. How to copy the data

You can sire quite a lot of work by copying the nowsures already entered. Fot it stance, if you recall the third masure, it milt be copred to hest after the fourth, fice. it will be the fifth measure.) Plouse rates to the figute.

\#it (PITCN)
 $\square . \square$ NUMgER LTV Brith


I Set to the Pisch Ewit mode

12 Referring to "Recating the measure P. $35^{\circ}$, select the mature to be copied.

(4) The messury you thave selected the mosuke shown in the Dacptory Windowl will tw copient atter the last mearare entored.

By repeating the procecture (1). you can copy as many measures as you like. (Refer to the figure.) This Copy function includes copying the Pitch. Step Time and Gate Time.


## 6 Other useful functions

The MC202 offers some more useful functions.

## A. Tempo display

Pressing the TEMPO key will display the current Tempo.
"It needs a few soconds before you get an accurate tempo display.

The following procedures should be all done while the MC-202 is stopped in the Play mode.

## B. Memory Capacity Check

You can easily see how many more notes can be entered into the MC-202. Do as shown in the figure, and the Display Window will show it with figures.

## How to roed the Display Window

Usually it will show the four figure number. A blank, however, is to de regarded as zero.

## Memory Capecity

The maximum memory capacity of the MC-202 aitogether ( $\mathrm{CH}-1, \mathrm{CH}-2$ ) is approx. 2600 steps. This means approx. 160 measures of 8th notes in each measure can be entered. A bar costs $1 / 3$ step.
If all the memory capacity is used up, entering is no longer possible.
(If you still press a key, a beep will continuously sound.)
1f. however, you are entering the data by playing the keybaord, there is no warning signal and entering more data will break the whole existing data, so please be sure to stop entering within 2600 steps.
Also, the action of the MC-202 may become more and more sluggish as the data is being entered. If so, please make sure that the mode or channel is changed, be
 fore going to the next procedure.

## C. Step Number Check

You can see the Total Step Time (Steo number) in a measure. If music in $4 / 4$ time is entered, the total step times in one measure is bound to be 192 as $d$ is step time 48.
By checking this Total Srep Tiree you can avoid entering too many or too few steps.

(1) If you wish to check from the first meassure, return to the beginning of the data.


By repeating the same procedure, vou can check as many measures. (Pressing the STEP CHECK key will forward one meas. ure.)

If the Tatal Stap Time is not correct
If you tind a mistake while chrecking, do as follows.


(2) Back one measure by pressing the BACK key.
There is a mistake in the measure displayed
(3) Set to the Step Time Edit mode and get to the relevant step by pressing the STEP FWD key.
(4) Referring to "Editing the Step Time P. $14^{\prime \prime}$, delete or insert necessary notes.

## D. and b display

Pressing the black key on the keyboard will automatically display $s$ in the Display Wirdow, but you may change it to b .
Then later you can easily check if the score has been correctly entered. Do as shown in the figure, then press the black key, and now the Display Window will show "b" indicator,
Repeat the same procedure shown in the figure, and the I display will return.

## E. Beep sound ON/OFF

If you da not need the beep during operation, you can mute it as shown in the fig. ure. To retrieve it, repeat the same procedure.


## 7 Saving the Music Data

## A. Save, Verify, Load

You can save the music data you have entered on a normal tape. Please make it a rule to save the data before turning the MC-202 off.

## B. Setting up

Set up a tape recorder with the MC-202 as shown below.

\$ If you only want to save, connection 22 is not necessary.
© if you only to load (or verify), connection 11 is not necessary.

## C. Operation

All the procedures should be done when MC-202 is stopped in the Play mode.
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If you put a File Number to each song when in saving, later on, song recalling will be much easier.
0 to 999 are available for the File Numbers
and can be set by pressing the appropriate NUMBER keys.


REC VOLUME

(1) Set the tape recorder to the Recording mode and press its PAUSE button. If your tape recorder features recorcing level montrol. set the volume sc that the Pilot tone from the MiC 202 will met OVU or so.
(2) Now saving is possible.
(3) Set a File Number.
(4) Press the ENTER key then turn the tape recorder to the Recording mode.
By pressing the ENTER key, the Pilot tone will become higher, then in about 7 seconds, the saving into the tape starts (Modulated tone will be heard). When the saving is completed, you will hear a beep, then again the Pilot tone.

## 2 Verify

Be sure to verify the data after each saving

(1) Adjust the output level of the tape re corder. then set it to the Playing back mode.
Be sure to start the tape from the very beginning where you can hear the Pilot tone.

## Complete the following two procedures whille you hear the Pilot tone.

(2) Now you can verify the data.
3. Verifying starts and the Display Window shows the File Number.
If verifying is completed, a beep will be heard.

4 Stop the tape recorder.

Be sure to complete the procedures while still hearing the Pilot tone. If you are too eariy or too late, a continuous beep will be heard indicating an error. Also, it the playback level is too low, the beep may be heard. If so, try again with a higher level. If
an error is heard. even though vou have correctity done the verify procedure, blease repeat the save procedure.
If the error is still indicated, refer to "D. The appropriate tape to be used for saving on P. $48^{\prime \prime}$.


5108
5
(1) Acfisst the output level of the tavere corder then set it to the Play mode. Be sure to start loading from the very begirining of the tape where vou hear the Pilat tone.

While you still hear the Pilot tone, complete the following two procedures.

2 Loading is now possible.
(3) Loading starts and the Display Window will show the File Number.
When loading is completed, a beep will be heard.
(4) Stop the tape recorder

Be sure to complete the above procedures while still hearing the Pilot tone. If you are toe early or 100 tate, a conitrupus beepwill be heard indicating "error". Also, if the playing back level is too tow. error may be heard. If so, try again with a higher level.

Also, if the Pilot tone recorded when saving is low, wait untit it becomes thigher, and start the above procedures. If not, an arror will be heard (Refer to the figure).
If an error is indicated, even if you have correctily tone all of the loading procedures, refer to "D. The appropniate tape to be used for saving on $P .48^{\prime \prime}$.


When the File Number is displayed in procedure 3. check if it is the correct one. If it is not what you want, stop the tape (loading mode is cancelled) and repeat the load procedure.

## D. The appropriate tape for saving

The saving error is often caused by the tape you use. Please make sure that the tape has no dropout, and moreover, clean the head of the tape recorder.

## Preserving the data tape, ate.

Please rewind the tape and avoid keeping it in excessive humidity and where it may be affected by a strong magnetic unit (such as speaker, amplifier etc.). If the data is an important one, save it on two tape so that you can avoid an accidental erasure of the entire data. Please do not copy from one tape to another, but load the data back to the MC-202 then save it 10 another tape.

## E. Power Save Function

The MC-202 features the Power save function which can be effectively used to avoid unnecessary battery consumption. Turn this Power save function on as shown in the figure, and the MC-202 does no longer functions but only retains the entered data.
Repeat the same procedure to furn this function off.
-Even if the Power save function is ON. turning the POWER switch off will erase the data, so please be sure to keep the Power on.

## 8 Applications

## A. Integrating the set up of the MC-202

The function jacks on the MC-202 can be used for more integrate set up, and following is made possible.

Controlling the MC-202 by the external keyboard
2 Channel playing
Synchronizing the MC-202 with the se-
quencer and Rhythrm machine Synchronizing of more than two MC-202's
Multi-recording using the Tape Sync function Others

The figure shows the example connections


## B. Rear Panel



## C. Connecting to a synthesizer

## Controlling the MC-202 by the external keyboerd

You can enter and play the music data with the keyboard of the external synthesizer.
The available keyboard is the one featuring 1V/Oct CV and positive gate pulse $1+5$ to $15 \mathrm{~V})$ such as the SH-101. SYSTEM 100 M (D-set, M-184), etc.

Even if the external keyboard is set up, you can use the MC-202 keybcard as well (Transpose function is available).
Also, if the data has not been correctily entered with the external keyboard, do the calibration as follows on the next page.



## Cautions

Make sure that the Transpose knob on the external keyboard is set to the Normal position ( $8^{\circ}$ ). if entering or playing the data in normal pitch.
If you are entering data by playing the keyboard during the first two measures (while you hear a beep sound), the data cannot be entered.
The MC-202's memary accepts the CV of 0 to 5 V ( $=61$ Key keyboard). Please refer to "Sound Pange Diagram P. 59".

## Calibration

Use a small screwdriver for siot head screw.


I Make all the necessary connections and check if playing the external keyboard sounds the MC-202's.

2 Set the MC-202's synthesizer sect.on as shown in the figure so that calibration will be done toasily.
Set the Transpose switch on the exterval keyboard to the Normal posstion (87.

(3) Start calibration.

As shown in the figure, while pressing a key, adjust the CAL knob so that the note will sound at the same pitch throughout.
Now calibration is completed.

## D. Synchronizing with an external device

A 5 pin DIN cord (commercial standard) is required for the synchronization.

## 1 MC-202 + Sequencer

The master device turns the slave on or off and controls the Tempo.
Also, if the MC-202 is controlled by the sequencer, the MC-202's Cycle playing will be available.

## MC-202 + MC-4

The MC-4 controls The MC-202


The MC-202 controls the MC-4


## Notes

When the MC-202 is controlling the MC-4. it is possible to use the STOP/CONT key. but you have to note that the MC-202 resume from the beginning of that measure
while the MC. 4 starts from the next step. Also, to start playing the data from the se lected measure, you need to select it on both MC-202 and MC-4.

MC-202 + CSO-600


## Notes

1. You cannot control the CSO- 600 by the MC. 202.
2. You cannot start to play the data from the selected measure.

## 2 MC-202 + Rhythm Machine

The master device turns the slave on or off and controls the Tempo.
Also, if the MC-202 is controlied by the Rhythm machine, the MC-202's Cycle playing will be available.

## MC-202 + TR-808, 606, CR-8000



## Note

You cannot contro! the MC-202 by the TB-303.

## 3 Multiple set up

The MC-202 can control up to 2 external devices. (A)
Also, MC-202 can be simultaneously synchronized with up to 3 devices. (B)


## 4 MC-202 + MC-202

The synchronization of more than 2 MC-202's is possible.

> Master Slave
(MCC 208)


## E. Tape Sync(Multi-Track Recording)

If recording the synction signal for tape sync) together with the MC-202's data playing, you can tater overdub a vack of another data just by synchrontizing if with that signat

Muti-track recording procedure by using Tape-aync function


## Mutti-irack deck



Treck

| 1 | Synchice sipal |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Data 1 |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
|  |  |
| 0 |  |



Mulb-arack deck


Trank

| 1 | Synchrosignal |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Data 1 |
| 3 | Data 2 |
| 4 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Track down.



- If you wish to recond the data together with the Synchro signal, connect the MC-202 output to the LINE IN (not the trick the Synchro signal is recorded.
- If you wish to record only the Synchro signal. connection 2 is not necessary. Likewise, if only Synchro wignal, connection I is not necessary.

How to record the synchro signal


## CONT

sroe

stant





REC VOLUME


## How to play the data with the Synchro signal (Mulli-Treck Recondine)

## A. <br> 

1. Set to the Play mode

2 Set the tape recorder to the Playing move after adjesting iti output level

Nake sure to start the tace before you hear the Synctiro sgral istilis you stith Maer the Plilot tonel.

Please complete the following procedures while you still heer the Pilot tone.


3 Set to the Synction Piay mode.
(4) The data playing will stial as soon as the Pilor tone changes to the Syreturu ngral.

3 It the MC.202 finiahes playnng the duts stop the tape facorder.

Now synctiro play in completent.

If the synchro signal stops, the data playing stops, too. If the Cycle function is on, the MC-202 will repeat playing the data as long as the synchro signal is corning in. Also, it is possible to start the data playing from the middle of the synchro signal. To do this, take the procedures 3 and 4 at any place you like.

Please note that the SYNC IN jack on the tear panel should not be plugged in. (You can use the SYNC OUT jack for the syrchronization, though.)


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## Sound Range Diagram



## In case of trouble

If vour MC-202 does not function proper
ty. check the table below before askirg for repairs.

| Symptom | Possible cause |
| :---: | :---: |
| The MC - 202 does not work at all even though switched on. | - The $A C$ adaptor is not securely connected. <br> - The tattery is dead. |
| There is no sound coming from the MC-202. | - The volume of the MC-202 fand the amplitiertis set too low. <br> - The amplifier is not securety con nected to the MC.202s output. <br> -There is something wrong with the connection cord, <br> - The serting of the synthesizer section is not appropriate. <br> - Only rests have been entered. <br> - You have selected the chennel in which no data is entered. |
| The MC-202 does not play the data. | - There is no data entered <br> - The MC. 202 is not set to the Play mode. <br> - The Power save function is set to on. <br> - The DIN cord is connected to the SYNC IN jack |
| The data is not correctly piaved. | - Refer to "How to correct the data" on (P. 30). |
| You cannot write the data. | - The MC-202 is not set to the Edit Mode. <br> - You have already used up the maximiun capacity of MC-202's memory. <br> - The Power save function is turned on. |
| Synchronization is not possible. | - The data is not correctly entered. <br> - The DIN cord is not securely con nected. <br> - The connestion of the DIN connectors for synchronization is inverted. |

## SPECIFICATIONS

| MC-202 Micro Composer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Micro Composer Section |  | Source Mixer |
|  |  | 4 Level |
| Memory Capacity |  |  |
| Approx, 2600 steps |  | Sub Oscillator Level |
|  |  | Sub Oscillator Waveforms |
| Output |  | 11 Oet Down 44.2 cet Down u |
| External CV output |  | 2 Oct Down \& ) |
| 416. 5 mV to $5 \mathrm{~V}, 44$ steps |  | VCF |
| If the External Kevpoard is in | use, 0 | Cutoff Frequency ( 10 Hz to 20 kHz ) |
| to $5 \mathrm{~V}, 49$ steps $(83.3 \mathrm{mV} /$ step) $)$ |  |  |
| External Gate output (when OFF OV. ON: 12V) |  | ENV Depth |
|  |  | Modulation Depth |
| Builit-In CV output | 1 | Kevtrard Follows (0 to 100\%) |
| Built-In Gate output 1 |  |  |
|  |  | VCA |
|  |  | Control Signal Selector switch (ENVM, GATE ת I |
| Inpurt (Keyboard Input) CVIN 10 V to 5 V ) |  |  |
| GATE IN iturned on with over 4 3V)Calibration Trimmer | 1 | ENV |
|  |  |  | Attack Time (2msto 1.55 ) |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Tape Interface |  | Decoy Time (2ms to 5s ) |  |
| OUT) SAVE (TAPESYNC. | 1 | Sustain Level ( 0 to 100\%) |  |
| MEMORY LOAD (TAPE SYNC IN) |  |  |  |
|  |  | LFO |  |
| DIN Syne |  | LFO Rate (0.1 Hz to 30 Hz ) |  |
| OUT | : 1 | LFO Rate Indicator |  |
|  | 2 | Decay Time (0 to is) |  |
| Tempo |  | PORTAMENTO |  |
| Tempo knob i $\rfloor=40$ to 300 ) | 1 | Portamento Time (0 to 2 s ) |  |
| Display, etc. <br> Liquid Crystal Display Indicator |  | Accent |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |
|  | 1 | VOLUME |  |
| Synthesizer Section |  | Connection jecks |  |
|  |  | Uutput 10 aBm max. 1 |  |
| Keyboard <br> 32 Key . F scale |  | Headphones (Sterec 8 $\mathbf{\Omega}$ to 150』) DC Input 9 V to 12 V AC Actaptox PSA 120,220 or $240 i$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VCO |  |  |  |
| Range (16", 8, 4 ) <br> Pulse Width Modulation (50\% to Min.) PWM Selector switch (ENV/MAN/LFO) Modulation Depth Tune ( $\pm 100$ cent) |  | Power witch i |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Power |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 240) |  |

## Source Mixer

$\checkmark$ Level
1 Level
Sub Oscillator Level
Sub Oscillator Waveforms
11 Oct Down $\pi 4.2$ Oct Down nu 2 Oct Down u )

## VCF

Cutoff Frequency ( 10 Hz to 20 kHz )
Resonance ( 0 to Self Oscillation)
ENV Dedth
Modulation Depth
Keyboard Follows (0 to 100\%)

## VCA

Control Signal Selector switch (ENV M/ GATE ת I

## ENV

Attack Time (2me to 1.55 )
Decoy Time \{2ms to 5s
Sustain Level ( 0 to 100\%)
Release Time (1ms to 5s)

## LFO

LFO Rate 10.1 Hz to 30 Hz )
LFO Rate Indicator
Decay Time 10 to fs )
PORTAMENTO
Portamento Time (0 to 2s)

## ACCENT

## VOLUME

## Connection jecks

Uutput 10 dBm max. 1
Headiphones (Sterec 8 8 to $150 \Omega$ )
DC Input ( 9 V to 12 V AC Adatotot PSA. 120. 220 or $240 i$

## Power wwitch

## Power

OC 9 V IC cell $\times 6$ or PSA. 120,220 or 240)
Coneumption
800 mW
Dimencions
$343(\mathrm{~W}) \times 55(\mathrm{H}) \times 204(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{mm}$.
$13 \cdot 1 / 2(\mathrm{~W}) \times 2 \cdot 3 / 16(\mathrm{H}) \times 8(\mathrm{D}) \mathrm{in}$.
Weinths (batteries included)
1.35 kg (3 tb.)
Acosemorias
2.5 m connection cable P 11 $\times 1$
Sample Tape (for demonstration) ..... $\times 1$C cell Batteries (BR-2)
Operation Manual for the ..... $\times 6$ ..... $\times 1$


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[^0]:    - Pleme une the Synthesirer for Koyboed Controliec) with IVFact CV and Powitive Gatt Putive (when on:+ 5 to t5V).

